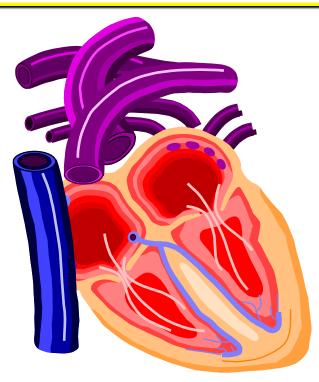
HEART DISEASES IN PREGNANCY



HRT Disease----Physiology

- Heart rate by 10-15 beats/min.
- Displac. to the left&upward and rotated along its axis.
- Pulse volume.
- Cardiac volume (75ml).

HRT Disease----Physiology

• Heart Sounds:

- -1st sound -> exagerated splitting.
- -2nd sound -> no change
- -3rd sound -> loud, easily heard.

Heart Murmars:

- -systolic murmar → 90%.
- -soft diastolic,transiet 19%.
- -contineous murmar \rightarrow 10%(Br.vasc)

HRT Disease----Physiology

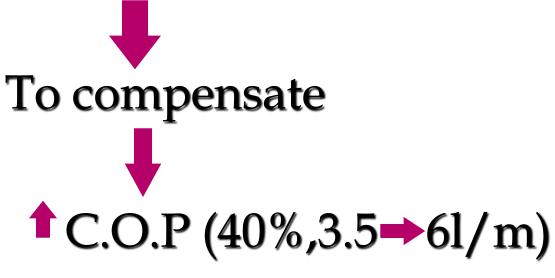
E.C.G.

- -slight deviation of the axis to the lt.
- -Q wave in lead 3 -ST segment dep.
- -inverted T in L3 -prem.atr&vent bt.

Cardiac Output:

- by 40%(stroke vol.& Ht rate)
- -max. 30wks -1st stag, 30%, 2nd stag, 50%

HRT Disease----Physiology O2 consumption → at rest ↑ by 50%



- C.V. changes due to:
 - estrogen -prostanoids(prostacyc)
 - resistant to angiotensin.

HRT Diseases In Pregnancy

- Incidence 1%
- Rheumatic = Congenital
- Maternal mortality 0.5%
- Rheumatic Mitral stenosis 90%.
- Congenital ——ASD,PDA 50%
- Maternal mortality is most likely in conditions where pulm.blood flow cannot be increased.

HRT Disease---Fetal outcome

- Rheum.&cong.+no cyanos.→ Good
- Cyanotic → IUGR&Abortion
- Coarct. of aorta

 fetal loss
 and IUGR due to inadeq.plac.perfus.

HRT Disease In Pregnancy

- Effect of pregn. on Ht dis.:
 - blood volume&C.O.P → might aggravate the dis.
- Effect of Ht dis. on pregnancy:
 - -maternal death.
 - -infants premature&SGA.
 - -all valvular dis.

 ↓ haemodynamic responses to preg.

NEW YORK HT ASSOC.

Grade 1: No limitation of physical activity.

Grade2: Ordinary physical activity causes discomfort.

Grade3: Minimal exertion causes discomfort.

Grade4: Unable to carry any physical activity without discomfort &have orthopnoea.

Cardiac Disease---Outcome

- Presence and severity of pulmonary hypertension
- Presence of cyanosis
- Haemodynamic significance of the lesion
- Functional class.

HRT Dis--Antenatal Manag.

- prepregnancy clinic.
- Booked for hospital confinement.
- Combined clinic..
- Avoid abd.compression&supine posit.
- Report if dyspnea or cough.
- prevent anaemia.
- Treat any infection.
- Complete dental care.



HRT Dis.---Manag.of labour

- Inform cardiologist
- Hourly vital signs.
- Propped up on lateral side.
- Oxygen should be avialable.
- Pain relief → Epidural analgesia
 -prevent ↑ in cop throughout labour
 -allow prompt intervention(c/s,forcep)
- Antiacide and avoid dehyd, acidos, inf.
- Prophylactic AB(cog.&prosth.valve)

HRT Dis.Manag.In Labour

- 2nd stage:
 - -Should not be prolonged.
 - -Prophylactic forcep.or ventouse
 - not necessary in all cases.
- 3rd stage:
 - -Ergometrine contraindicated
 - -Oxytocin 5units I.V or infusion.

HRT Dis.Managment

<u>Puerperium:</u>

- -Congestive cardiac failure&pul.edema
- -Majority of deaths occure after deliv.
- -Early ambulation
- -Contraception.