

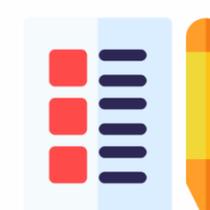
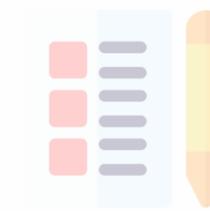
Test Bank



Subject:
SMR-Mid 018



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SMR-Mid 016

1-A question during an interview such as "Could you tell me more about that?" is known as a :

- a. Filter.
- b. Response .
- c. Pilot .
- d. Probe.
- e. Census.

2-Consider the following pairs:

- I. (Bracketing- Phenomenology),
- II. (Analytic generalisation- Ethnography),
- III. (Discriminant sampling- Grounded Theory),
- IV. (A disciplined approach to generating knowledge- Methods).

Which of the pairs is/are correctly matched ?

- a. I and II only .
- b. I and III only .
- c. I and IV only .
- d. II and III only .
- e. II and IV only.

3-Dependability in qualitative research is equivalent to — in quantitative research .

- a. Internal validity .
- b. External validity .
- c. Objectivity .
- d. Reliability .
- e. Construct validity.

4-The study of knowledge is :

- a. Epistemology.
- b. Ontology .
- c. Methodology.
- d. Phenomenology .
- e. Axiology.

5-Why are qualitative study designs described as iterative ?

- a. Because they separate the researcher's personal interpretation from the analysis .
- b. Because they allow different researchers to have different interpretations of certain texts .
- c. Because they allow for modification of data collection and research questions based on what is learned .
- d. Because they allow for the research process to follow a strictly linear trajectory.
- e. Because they are based on formal, established guidelines .

6-Member checking is the process by which :

- a. Researchers setting aside their pre- understanding and acting non- judgementally.
- b. Researchers organise the data into clusters and themes.
- c. The problem of low response rates to a survey can be overcome .
- d. The validity of an interview schedule can be measured .
- e. Researchers ask their participants to comment on an account of the findings.

7-Hawthorne effect refers to :

- a. Change of the participants' behaviours as being observed.
- b. The process of providing access to research participants.
- c. Reverting of the participants to their normal behaviour .
- d. The tendency of participants to answer questions in a manner that will be viewed favourably by others .
- e. Process through which the researcher gains trust and establishes rapport with participants.

8-Pragmatism argues :

- a. That you adopt the research philosophy that you want.
- b. That the most important determinant of the research method adopted is the research question .
- c. That you make it up as you go along.
- d. The art of the possible.

9-All of the following statements are correct regarding unstructured interview EXCEPT :

- a. The participant determines the flow of topics, rather than the interviewer .
- b. Note-taking is likely to disrupt the natural flow of the conversation .
- c. Another name is formal conversational interview .
- d. Looks like an improvised performance .
- e. Can be guided by aide memoire or agenda.

10-Closed ended questions are those that :

- a. Allow supervisor to distinguish between good and bad interviewers .
- b. Prevent respondents from allocating themselves to a category .
- c. Have a fixed range of possible answers .
- d. Encourage detailed, elaborate responses.

11-Confirmability of qualitative research refers to :

- a. The confidence that can be placed in the truth of the research findings .
- b. The level of confidence that that the work's findings are the result of the experiences and ideas of the informants, rather than the characteristics and preferences of the researcher .
- c. The degree to which the results can be generalized or transferred to other contexts or settings .
- d. The stability or consistency of findings over time .
- e. A deductive approach to data analysis.

12-Features of qualitative research include all of the following EXCEPT :

- a. Utilises an etic approach.
- b. Utilises bottom-up approach (specific to general) .
- c. Generalizability is not a guiding principle .
- d. Based in an interpretive paradigm .
- e. Follows an inductive approach.

13-What does a positivist believe ?

- a. Research question is the pivotal point for the selection of method .
- b. None of the choices are correct .
- c. Knowledge is always open to further investigation and the truth of any matter is always forthcoming .
- d. Research operates in an objective world .
- e. The world is socially constructed.

14-What is narrative analysis ?

- a. An approach that is sensitive to questions that concern how people choose to sequence and represent people and events .
- b. The use of opposing viewpoints to gain meaning .
- c. A literary approach to documents .
- d. A method of improving the quality of interview material .
- e. The process whereby the researcher collects stories as data and analyses them into a set of themes that hold across all of the stories.

15-In data analysis of the grounded theory approach, the step which focuses on the main idea, and finalizing the theory is called:

- a. Selective coding .
- b. Horizontalization .
- c. Bracketing .
- d. Axial coding .
- e. Open coding .

16-The criteria by which the researcher develops a sense that the new knowledge is far removed from the central core of viable categories that have initially emerged is called :

- a. Exhaustion of resources .
- b. Saturation of categories .
- c. Overextension .
- d. Consensus .
- e. Halo effect.

17-Case study performed before implementing a large-scale investigation is known as:

- a. Descriptive illustrative .
- b. Exploratory .
- c. Critical Instance .
- d. Explanatory .
- e. Cumulative.

18-All of the following are correct regarding throwaway questions in interview guide EXCEPT :

- a. Unnecessary for gathering the important information being examined in the study. Nonetheless, these throwaway questions may be invaluable for drawing out a complete story from a respondent .
- b. May be used in the interview whenever subjects indicate to the interviewers that a sensitive area has been entered upon .
- c. May be demographic questions or general questions used to develop rapport between interviewers and subjects .
- d. May be found at the beginning of the interview guide or sprinkled throughout the tool .
- e. Included to measure the possible influence a change of wording might have.

19-All of the following statements are correct EXCEPT:

- Integrating of temporality, sociality, and spatiality is a hallmark of narrative research .
- Phenomenology is the search for the "essence of things" that cannot be revealed by ordinary observation .
- Case study is exclusively concerned with qualitative research methods .
- A comprehensive review of the literature prior to data collection and preliminary analyses is not recommended by General Theorists
- In case study, number of variables of interest far outstrips number of data points.

20-In a qualitative study to examine the Emergency Department (ED) staff perceptions regarding implementation of evidence-based medicine, all the investigators in this study had the opportunity to have A CONTINUED ENGAGEMENT with each ED during the data collection process. The researchers also established AN AUDIT TRAIL (a detailed track record of the data collection process). These strategies help to enhance _____ and _____ of the research, respectively:

- Credibility, Dependability .
- Transferability, Internal validity.
- Applicability, External validity .
- Objectivity, Neutrality .
- Internal validity, Construct validity.

Answers

1	D	6	E	11	B	16	C
2	B	7	A	12	A	17	B
3	D	8	B	13	D	18	E
4	A	9	C	14	E	19	C
5	B	10	C	15	A	20	A

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